



## Farmers in southeast Sask. say dry conditions are affecting crop quality

#### BY SIERRA D'SOUZA BUTTS

LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER Farmers in southeast Saskatchewan have noticed their crops being impacted by the recent drought across the

Prairies. Kyran Foy who farms outside of Red Jacket and Fairlight spoke about how the dry weather conditions within his farming area.

"It's been pretty dry. We haven't had a significant rain since early June," said Foy.

"I don't even know what our total rainfall is in a lot of those areas, but some of them would be less than three

"It's pretty dry, but it looks like the crops are hanging in not too bad for most part in a lot of our areas. It's going to be tough to say how it will be come harvest time." Foy was asked if more rain was to come within the next

week or two if it would help the crops. "Not for a lot of crops, for a lot of crops it's too late like

Bringing Your Ideas To Life

most of the wheat, or any earlier crops," he said. "A bit of rain right away might help some of the later seeded canola crops, or anyone who has wheat. It just looks like we're going to be in a heat wave here with the

thinks a lot of farmers will be applying for crop insurance. "I think harvest will be slightly below average. I think

#### **Dry conditons north of Moosomin**

Within the Moosomin area, soil conditions have been more dry north of the RM of Moosomin compared to the south, said Trevor Green, farmer in the Moosomin area.

rains when that two inch rain came through the Town of Moosomin, it kind of stretched out, but if you get into the northern part closer to Welwyn, I think they're in a tougher situation down there than we are."

Green said farmers in some areas were able to get enough rain for their crops, while others are still in need of a good rainfall. "Basically right now it's who caught the rain and who

missed them because it's so sporadic this year," said Green.

"The field looks good here, then you drive over two miles and it's terrible. It all depends on who caught the rain and who missed them, for some people it's one part of their field and the other is going to be the difference. It's going to be very variable this year. "I don't think it's going to be an outstanding crop, it's

just too dry and not enough timely rain.

Continued on vage B10 🖙



forecast showing no rain in sight." Based on how the quality of crops look, Foy said he

there will be a lot of crop insurance claims," he said. "Because numbers have been pretty good over the last

few years and now we're going to be below that, people will be making claims.

"Mainly because the southern part did get a few of the

## USask wheat breeder earns province's highest honour

BY USASK CROP DEVELOPMENT CENTRE Dr. Pierre Hucl (PhD) has been named a 2023 Sas-katchewan Order of Merit recipient in recognition of his remarkable contributions to crop development and research.

and research. A professor and plant breeder in the Department of Plant Sciences and Crop Development Centre (CDC) in the College of Agriculture and Biore-sources (AgBio) at the University of Saskatchewan (USask), Hucl's expertise in bread wheat, specialty wheats, and canagreed breading and canging here wheats, and canaryseed breeding and genetics has revolutionized farming practices and enhanced food security across Western Canada.

Hucl's exceptional career as a world-recognized plant breeder and researcher, combined with his unwavering commitment to mentorship and volunteer service, embodies the essence of the Saskatchewan Order of Merit

Established in 1985, the Saskatchewan Order of Merit—the province's highest honour—celebrates excellence and achievement by Saskatchewan citizens. Hucl, along with five other recipients, will be invested with the order at a ceremony in Saskatoon on September 27, 2023.

Throughout his distinguished career, Hucl's dedica-tion to science and breeding of bread wheat, canaryseed and other crop lines for short-season regions of Western Canada has resulted in the release of more than 40 new crop varieties. These varieties have not only reinforced western Canadian agriculture but also played a pivotal

western Canadian agriculture but also played a pivotal role in the region's value-added industry, contributing to billions of dollars in farm-gate receipts. A notable achievement for Hucl—who held the Stra-tegic Research Program Chair in Canada Western Red Spring (CWRS) Wheat, Specialty Wheats, and Canary-seed Breeding and Genetics for 33 years—is the develop-ment and release of the first hairless canaryseed variety. ment and release of the first hairless canaryseed variety. This groundbreaking innovation not only established Saskatchewan as a global leader in producing and exporting canaryseed, but also opened doors to a growing market due to the seed's health benefits. The hairless canaryseed varieties developed by Hucl made harvesting and pro-cessing easier by eliminating the tiny, sharp spikes from the hull, which are a major skin and lung irritant. Hucl's impact on food security has been profound, with his wheat varieties demonstrating improved yields, dis-ease resistance, and qualities specifically tailored for the baking industry. His research focuses on breeding wheat varieties that are highly resistant to the wheat disease

varieties that are highly resistant to the wheat disease



Dr. Pierre Hucl (PhD) is a professor and plant breeder in the Department of Plant Sciences and Crop Development Centre

Fusarium Head Blight (FHB), which poses a threat to the worldwide wheat market due to the harmful mycotoxin found in infected wheat kernels. By developing FHB-re-sistant varieties, Hucl played a role in ensuring the safety and quality of wheat products for both domestic and international consumers.

ternational consumers. Saskatchewan, accounting for nearly 44 per cent of Canada's total spring wheat area, has embraced Hucl's wheat varieties, with his strains being planted on approx-imately 2.4 million acres of farmland annually. One such variety, CDC Teal, earned the prestigious Seed of the Year award in 2016, further highlighting the substantial impact of Hucl's work on the agri-food industry. Hucl's measion for importative breading approaches ex-

Hucl's passion for innovative breeding approaches ex-tends beyond wheat. He has ventured into ancient and heritage grains, popular among Saskatchewan's organic and urban agricultural sectors. As Canada's sole spelt wheat breeder, he has recently developed and released three new spelt wheat varieties. Spelt wheat, par-ticularly when consumed as a whole grain, boasts numerous essential amino acids, vitamins, and minerals that support a healthy gut microflora and human health. Moreover, his forward-thinking approach and

adoption of culting-edge technologies have stream-lined wheat breeding processes, significantly re-ducing the time it takes to release new wheat vari-eties. By leveraging DNA testing technologies, Hucl "pyramids" multiple disease and insect resistance genes into his latest strains, resulting in durable re-

sistance and reducing the need for synthetic fungi-cides and insecticides in farmers' fields. For nearly 25 years, Hucl served as an advisor for the Saskatchewan Seed Growers Association, earn-ing him honorary life memberships in both the Saskatchewan Seed Growers Association and the Ca-nadian Seed Growers Association. He also actively participated in several management boards, includ-ing the Crop Production Show Executive Committee, the Prairie Grain Development Committee, and the Canaryseed Association of Canada.

Hucl has also been a teacher and mentor. As a renowned and highly published scientist, Hucl's influ-ence extends to the next generation of plant breeders. Throughout his career, he has mentored and trained nu-merous undergraduate and post-graduate students, culti-vating future leaders in the agricultural industry. For his contributions, Hucl has been decorated with nu-merous upset lique of 2019. Hucl was puerded

merous prestigious awards. In 2019, Hucl was awarded the CSTA Plant Breeding & Genetics Award, a testament to his exceptional contributions to the field. In 2014, he was honoured with a SABEX award for his innovation in the agricultural industry, recognizing his pioneering work that elevated the agricultural landscape. In 2017, he was named a Fellow of the Canadian Society of Agronomy, and in June of 2023, received the Distinguished Agrono-mist Award from the same society in recognition of his outstanding contributions to agronomy. He also received the College of AgBio's Research Excellence Award for his leading research in wheat and canaryseed breeding







Vermillion Growers officially announced the opening of their tomato greenhouse in Dauphin on July 27. Photo by: Kevin Weedmark.



Manitoba Minister of Agriculture Derek Johnson at the grand opening event.

Left: Inside of the Vermillion Growers greenhouse.



**Vermillion Growers** of Dauphin opens greenhouse Vermillion Growers held a grand opening for their tomato green-house in Dauphin, Manitoba on July 27. The greenhouse will produce 10 million pounds of tomatoes over the next year, while creating 35 new full-time jobs in the community, and will eventually employ over 200 members of the community. Phase 1 of the greenhouse covers 10 acres, and Phase 2 should be announced soon.



- Mail



Tomatoes growing in the greenhouse.



Moosomin Economic Development Officer Casey McCormac and board member Kevin Weedmark representing Moosomin Economic Development Committee at the grand opening event.

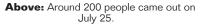


Above: Maria Deschauer Managing Director of Vermillions Growers. Right: Founder of Vermillions Growers Lucky Deschauer.

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## FCC offers assistance to farmers potentially impacted by drought

BY SIERRA D'SOUZA BUTTS

LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER Farm Credit Canada (FCC) has opened its doors to farmers in British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba who are facing, or potentially may face, financial hardship due to dry conditions impacting crop qual-

ity and grazing lands, contained in participating top quit "Some producers would know that their production is going to be challenged this year. There's been some sig-nificant drought in Saskatchewan and much of Western Canada," said Shannon Weatherall, Vice-President of Operations at FCC.

"We're encouraging people to come in whether they're sure they are going to need some assistance, or whether they're not sure, to come talk to our team, to come into the office or speak with their relationship manager. "Even call our customer service centre and talk about

their individual situation and options, and then we can come up with solutions to reduce the financial pressure

that they might be feeling." Although harvesting is still a month away, Weatherall said they decided to announce their assistance to help reduce the stress of a lot of farmers. "Part of it too is for those who are unsure, they can

come in and have a conversation about what might be possible, and then they can also see how it plays out and know they've had that conversation before," she said.

"There's a bit of stress with the uncertainty, and we're big proponents in terms of mental health in agriculture. "Some of it too is knowing that there is that support and that willingness to work with them to make sure they

have that cash flow to get into the next production cycle. That's where we want to be, is to support our customers." Weatherall spoke about the areas in Saskatchewan and Manitoba where farmers have been impacted the most because of the drought. "There's various drought all across Western Canada

I'm senior vice-president of operations for Saskatchewan and Manitoba, there's certainly droughts in Saskatchewan, southwestern Saskatchewan in particular is very dry," she said. "But other areas in Saskatchewan and Manitoba would

have below average precipitation this year in a state of drought as well. For some producers it's multiple years in a row with below average precipitation which is a challenge.

#### What type of assistance will Farm Credit Canada offer?

Weatherall spoke about the different ways Farm Credit Canada would help support producers.

"We'll work with customers based on their individual situations, but some of those solutions we have will be considering deferral of their principal payments, or other loan schedule amendments, just to reduce that financial pressure and ensure producers have cash flow to move forward," she said.

FCC's main focus is to help provide financial assistance and resources to farmers ahead of harvesting time, so that they know the support is there if needed, said Weatherall. The weather has been a challenge for some areas, more

eastern Saskatchewan than Manitoba. They actually, for

three years, were faced with flooding and now they are experiencing a drought," she said. "It might be different the reasons for the challenges, but

either way we want to make sure we're able to support them.

#### How can farmers reach out?

FCC encourages farmers to reach out to discuss their options that would help reduce the financial pressures "It's really important for peace of mind and for plan-

ning going forward to know what actions are available,' said Weatherall.

"Even if they are not sure what they want to do, we're happy to sit down with them and talk about their individual situation, and go through all the options that might be helpful for them and support them." Farmers can arrange a time to speak with a consultant

from FCC through their customer service centre at 1-888-332-3301, or online through their website: fcc.ca

"We work with customers and their financial concerns

for sure, but we're also big proponents of mental health services and support in the Ag industry." Weatherall said. "We do have a list of mental health resources in a pub-lication that we released this year on our website: www.

fcc.ca/wellness "If someone is struggling with their mental health or

just wants to look at what resources are available, I would encourage producers, anyone in the industry really, to take a look at that. There's lots of good information on that website '

## New USask funding to advance Canada's beef sector

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improve the sustain-

Network

Dr. Antonio Facciuolo (PhD) from the Vaccine and Infectious Disease and Infectious Disease Organization (VIDO) at the University of Sas-katchewan (USask) has new support to develop a vaccine against Johne's disease-a chronic intestinal disease of cattle that is significant to both the beef and dairy industry.

Facciuolo is one of five scientists at USask awarded funding from the Beef Cattle Research Council (BCRC) under the newly announced Canada's Beef and Forage AgriScience

Cluster. The USask-led projects, totalling \$3,107,317, will help bolster the beef sector's environmental and economic sustainability. The research will focus on improving cow-calf health and productivity, breeding climate-resis-tant forages, studying the Canadian feed-lot indus-try, managing cattle dis-eases, and advancing gut health research.

"Agriculture is a sig-nature area of research at USask and we are committed to advancing research that will create sustainable growth in this area," said USask Vice-President Research Baljit Singh. "The funding an-nounced by BCRC will allow us to drive innovation and make meaning-ful contributions that will bring great value to the beef industry."

Iohne's disease, caused by the bacterium Myco-bacterium paratuberculo-sis (MAP), is a contagious and lifelong infection that eventually progresses to severe inflammation of

the small intestine in cat-tle. It is estimated the disease causes annual indus-try-wide losses of \$17-28 million USD. Vaccines are not currently available in Canada.

Facciuolo, who has collaborators at the Uni-versity of Calgary and Simon Fraser University, will receive \$264,960 from BCRC to advance the development of a vaccine against MAP.

"I'm excited to build on our previous work which established an infection established an infection and vaccine screening model for Johne's dis-ease," said Facciuolo, one of VIDO's newest scien-tists who is also affiliated with the Western College of Veterinary Medicine at USask. "This funding will support the next steps in vaccine research and ultimately towards the detimately towards the de-velopment of a vaccine that can protect against this chronic and economi-cally important disease." The team will test oral and injectable vaccine for-

mulations using antigens identified in a previous project. Based on their findings they will select the combination that provides the best overall pro-tection to help control this

disease. The following USask projects were also recipi-ents of support under Canada's Beef and Forage

AgriScience Cluster: • Bill Biligetu (PhD) — \$201,680. Breeding climate-resilient forage germplasm for the Cana-dian beef industry: a national collaboration. • Greg Penner (PhD) — \$961,859. Re-considering

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treatment strategies: can we accelerate recovery from disease by consider-ing gut health? • Gabriel Ribeiro (PhD) • Gabriel Ribeiro (PhD) — \$300,468. A benchmark study of the Canadian

feedlot industry and an Enhancement evaluation of best man-(C3H/PEN).

Right: Dr. Antonio Facciuolo (PhD) will receive \$264,960 from BCRC to advance the development of a vaccine against MAP.



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Deadline: October 26, 2023

NOVEMBER 27, 2023 Deadline: November 23, 2023

**DECEMBER 27, 2023** Deadline: December 19, 2023



#### **B4**

## 2023 Grains, oilseeds and pulses outlook update: Sector facing uncertain weather and global conflict as crops mature

BY MARTHA ROBERTS FCC ECONOMICS EDITOR Prices for the 2022-23 crop have continued to drop from our last outlook in some commodifies (canola, yellow peas and spring wheat), prolong-ing a general downward trend witnessed since January (Table 1).

However, some crops ap-pear to have benefitted from pear to have benefitted from strengthening prices thus far in 2023 (corn, soybeans and red lentils) although these are expected to drop or flat-ten throughout the remainder of the marketing year (MY). The good news is that while prices are trending down, they should remain elevated well above their respective five above their respective five-year averages.

Profitability is a complicated story right now. Crop margins (for a winter wheat/corn/soybean rotation) in eastern Cana-

da are expected to fall year-over-year (YoY) but remain positive throughout the outlook period. Also facing a YoY decline, western profitability will be in the black for nost crops (barley, canola, spring wheat, durum and red lentils) but will be pressured for yellow peas. That's the bird's eye view. Digging deeper, however, we'll likely see wide variation in margins, given the noted volatil-ity in both crop and farm input prices this year. Margins will be subject to more pressures if producers bought in-write bet foll for this orea more (a compress producers) or puts last fail for this crop year (a common practice) or happened to contract large portions of their crops when prices were trending down. At the same time, more timely purchases or contracting will likely result in excellent margins.

Table 1: Crop prices fall again while remaining well above their five-year averages

CASH CROP	JUST JJ MY JACTUALI	2022-23 MY (HEAR-30 EA7E)	2029-23 MY (FORECAST)	HUS H MY FORECASTI	HM HAI
Corn (ON)	300	330	320	205	230
Soybeans (ON)	600	715	715	660	510
Canola (SK)	894	870	855	465	586
Pean typillow - 590	605	430	425	360	340
Lattila load - SR)	3/10	135	125	6275	300
Spring wheat - (SK)	415	420	415	405	200
Fred barley (AB)	305	370	375	255	220
Duriam (SK)	600	470	450	205	240

our for urbeat canola furties peak and lentils: Auc

Meeting the for about, sense and health. August 1 - .049.19 **Input prices continue to fall throughout 2023 while** some global supplies start to loosen. Our January Outlook identified low global supplies and high input costs as two influential factors to monitor in 2023. We're happy to report input prices have contin-ued to fall since our May Outlook update. Their declines in the past three months have sped up the 2023 reversal of the upward trend of YoY input prices for last year's crop (2022-23) for purple fuel, diesel and urea. At the same time, fertilizer costs have either reversed (phos-phate) or their growth rate has slowed (ammonia and potash) for the 2023-24 crops (Table 2). The other major trend impacting grain and oilseed



Table 2: Farm input prices to ease in 2023 as supply-demand balance regains etability

	GASERINE	DH 312	INEA	PHOSPHATE	AANYOROUS AANA(DADA	PUTAS
2021-22	0.39%	1.4%	3.0%	10.0%	4.6%	-23.9%
2022-23	418.07%	45.3%	110.9%	60.9%	38.9%	34.375
2023 24	-9.8%	-0.7%	-10.4%	-6.2%	0.0%	53.25

markets is the tightness of global supplies. With the way they're trending, North American growing conditions in 2023 aren't going to be the ticket to bolster them. The lat-est USDA grain stocks report showed continuing tight-ness in U.S. corn, wheat and soybean stocks as of June 1. All three are down YoY.

All three are down YoY. According to the June WASDE report, global stocks forecasts for 2023-24 are up YoY for all three crops, but tightness remains in wheat ending stocks, with a fore-cast of 6% less than the prior five-year average (2018-19 – 2022-23). On the other hand, world corn ending stocks are expected to reach levels not seen since 2018-19 this year thanks to corn acreage in the U.S. that is the third highest since 1944. Soybean stocks will be the highest in five years based on Brazil's record production. Total elobal demand (domestic use plus exports) for wheat is global demand (domestic use plus exports) for wheat is expected to remain steady YoY in the 2023-24 MY. Utili-zation of both corn and soybeans is expected to increase but global production of each is expected to grow more.

Two other factors of note weighing on the crop sectors as we settle into summer: developments in the Russia-Ukraine conflict have again inserted uncertainty into markets while North American producers wait for moisture levels to even out.

#### The Russia-Ukraine conflict, an aborted coup and the

likely suspension of the UN-brokered export deal The Russia-Ukraine export treaty is, as of Monday, July 17, suspended after Moscow walked away from the deal that allowed for safe passage of Ukrainian exports of grains and oilseeds through their Black Sea ports. This comes on the heels of a short-lived mercenary ef-

fort to destabilize Russia's top military brass the weekend of June 23-24. The offensive had June 23-24. The offensive had set in motion serious specula-tion about the likelihood of disruptions to the global sup-ply of grains, which appeared to be realized in early Monday morning trading. However, the price rally quickly dissi-pated, suggesting markets had already factored in President Vladimir Putin's decision to forego re-signing the treaty. Given the deal's disappear-ance is arguably counterpro-ductive—because it serves to uphold Ukrainian and Russian interests—the pull-back may be short-lived. In the interim, concerns for global food secu-rity are mounting as buyers, particularly those in develop-ing countries, look to source

ing countries, look to source ag commodities away from ag com Ukraine

Weather, weather, weather While it's always an issue, challenging weather to this point in many parts of North America dominates discussions of production and marketing risk. The Canadian prairies have turned dry – June was extremely dry and not, producing a crop that's one to two weeks ahead of normal in most areas. Alberta conditions were worse than their five-year and 10-year averages (as of June 30), with 45% rated good/excellent, down from 75% in 2022. Four Alberta counties have declared agricultural emergencies to date

gencies to date. Elsewhere, there's been very good vegetative growth in Saskatchewan to this point, and mixed growth in Manitoba. In the U.S., half of soybean and corn acres were rated good/excellent as of July 2, also down sig-nificantly from trending averages, with declining crop conditions in some regions despite scattered rains. But there's a possible bright spot amidst the challeng-ing news. A comparison of early U.S. growing condi-tions and eventual yield outcomes suggests there may still be some hope for this year's crop. Yields weren't always below trend in an analysis of 10 years' worth of data showing less than a rating of 60% good / excellent at roughly the same time of the crop year. While yields will almost certainly fall in many areas without significant improvement in moisture levels, the fate of the overall improvement in moisture levels, the fate of the overall 2023 crop has not yet been sealed.

#### Bottom line

Bottom line With global stocks of key ag commodities expected to grow in the 2023-24 MY, prices may continue to decline, pressuring margins over the outlook period. But there's bullish news too. Geopolitical tensions and an unfavour-able weather outlook could support prices as farm input prices continue their decline. And we may be in for an-other break too. Interest rates are now close to peaking after the latest Bank of Canada increase to 5.00%. Amid the tightening financial conditions and darkening eco-nomic outlook, FCC Economics expects rates to start fall-ing by next year. With these factors combined and given the wild swings in 2023 pricing, effective risk manage-ment is key to managing profitability.





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## Saskatchewan Crop Report Heat and drought continue to take toll

#### For Southeast Saskatchewan

Extreme heat and drought continue to take their toll on continue to take their toll on crops in the region. Many crops are showing signs of se-vere stress and reduced yield potential. Crops will be dry-ing down rapidly due to the heat, meaning producers will start harvest in the next week or two and designing of the or two and desiccation of len-til and pea crops is already underway across portions of the region. Producers with later seeded crops are hoping for some rain to ensure maxi-mum seed fill. Some areas of the region did receive rain,

the region did receive rain, but for many it will be too little and too late. The Indian Head and Glenavon areas received the largest amounts of rain with 37 and 34 mm respectfully but overall, most of the region received insignificant amounts ranging from two to six mm. ranging from two to six min. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 15 per cent adequate, 51 per cent short and 34 per cent very short. Hay and pas-ture land topsoil moisture is rated as eight per cent ad-equate, 34 per cent short and 58 per cent very short.

very short

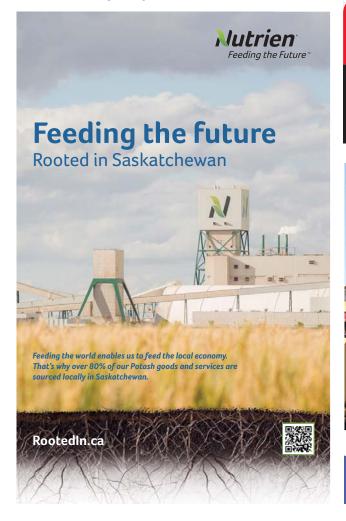
very short. Haying is almost complete in the re-gion with five per cent of the hay crop still standing and 77 per cent of it baled or put up for silage. Livestock producers will be working quickly to wrap up their haying operations since grain harvesting is right around the corner. In some areas of the re-gion, hav vields are lower than last year gion, hay yields are lower than last year but their quality is still high, with 81 per cent being rated as good and 19 per cent as fair. Those who are experiencing lower



yields will be looking for other sources of feed.

Crop conditions vary within the region, Crop conditions vary within the region, with a majority in poor-to-good condition. Crops on heavier soil that have been re-taining moisture look far better than any crop on lighter sandy soil. Most of the crop damage this past week was due to drought stress, heat and dam-age caused by grasshoppers and gophers. Producers are busy finishing up haying, conducting vield assessments and editing

conducting yield assessments and getting their harvest plans sorted out.



#### For all of Saskatchewan

Crop yield potential has decreased in many parts of the province due to the dry heat, and producers are hoping for more rain before harvest to finish up seed fill-ing. Harvest has begun in the driest areas of the province. Desiccating of pulses has begun in the

southwest and west central regions and combining of these fields will commence quickly. Cereal crops that cannot be har-vested due to dry conditions and grass-hopper damage are being salvaged for livestock feed to support neighbouring

livestock feed to support neighbouring livestock producers. There were several storms throughout the province this past week. Some result-ed in rainfall amounts up to 37 to 40 mm, which will give crops some reprieve from the heat stress and encourage seed fill. Many of the driest areas of the province received trace amounts of rain through received trace amounts of rain through-out the week. Producers are hoping for substantial moisture following harvest as some areas in the province have now gone

some than 30 days without precipitation. Topsoil moisture continues to decrease and is rated as 15 per cent adequate, 48 per cent short and 37 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as eight per cent adequate, 43 per cent short and 49 per cent very short. Crop conditions have also decreased

due to extreme heat, rating from very poor to good. The areas of the province where timely rain has fallen are showing higher

timely rain has fallen are showing higher crop conditions. Haying operations are almost complete with five per cent standing, 13 per cent cut and 82 per cent baled or silage. Hay qual-ity is rated as four per cent excellent, 66 per cent good, 29 per cent fair and one per cent good. 29 per cent fair and one per cent poor. Livestock producers who have not received adequate rainfall this season are reporting water and feed concerne

not received adequate rainfall this season are reporting water and feed concerns. Strong winds, drought stress, hail, ex-treme heat, grasshoppers and gophers took their toll on some crops this past week. Many producers stopped apply-ing pest control products. Producers are reminded to be safe during their harvest operations such as taking frequent breaks and to remember to use every precaution available for fire prevention as the ex-tremely dry conditions increase the risk of combine and grass fires.

combine and grass fires. Dry conditions can be stressful for pro-ducers and they are reminded to take safety precautions in all the work they do. The Farm Stress Line is available to all the rarm stress line is available to provide support to producers toll free at 1-800-667-4442. For producers dealing with dry conditions, additional resources are available through the ministry website: Sask Ag Now or by contacting their regional office.

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## FARMERS FEEDING THE WORLD **STEWARDING THE LAND** FOR GENERATIONS





## Farmers in southeast Sask. say dry conditions are affecting crop quality

☞ Continued from front

He was asked if he thinks farmers will have to rely on crop insurance after harvest this year.

"We have had some good crops in this area, people's average yields were fairly decent and now if they're going to be down there's definitely going to be some crop insurance claims," said Green.

Anyone who had rainfall insurance on their corn is probably going to claim this year because corn definitely needed more rain than what we've had.

"Best case scenario I would say average to below average for crop yield this year. "It's going to be the quality that's going to be tough too. When you get drier conditions the barley is generally lighter, the wheat is lighter, and with the grain compension chores for the rules of the use wheat is ingitter, and with the grain commission change for the rules on test weights—APAS has actually lobbied the government to get those rules changed by August 1—is just another attack on the grain farmers that we don't really need right now in a tougher year."

#### Lack of moisture for crops in Moosomin area

Mark McCorriston, grain farmer from the Moosomin and Rocanville area, said crops have suffered because of the dry weather conditions.

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"I would say they have been desperate-ly dry," said McCorriston. "Rocanville did get a lighter rain, but they were drier earlier on. The Moosomin and Rocanville area, I would say, is extremely dry."

If it were to rain in the next week or two then some crops would still come out well, said McCorriston.

"I feel like the fate is sealed for the wheat crop and the barley crop, but if the canola can get rain in the next few days then that would be good," he said.

"Two been keeping my fingers crossed that we are going to get rain in the next few days for a couple weeks now, and its

just never happened. "It's just super disappointing. It seems like the forecast shows we'll get rain in two or three days then it just never happens

pens." With a great start to the season, McCor-riston said it is unfortunate to see the crops not flourish as well as he had hoped. "I'm definitely concerned, I don't think it's going to be a bumper crop," said Mc-Corriston

Corriston

"Honestly it's super disappointing be-cause the potential for an awesome crop was there at the beginning of the year. "We had excellent germination, we had

good moisture starting out this season, and the canola came on really good. We didn't have bug pressures or other problems that

we experienced in the past, but then we just had a lack of moisture. "I honestly can't recall when we had a good rain, I would say it's been near couple of months ago. Then all season long we've never had a real good generalized rain, it was always spotty showers so one fold might hours act a cood bit of rain but field might have got a good bit of rain, but the next one misses it.

"I just can't remember the last time when the farm trucks were dirty because when the fail fucks were unly because the roads were muddy. It just seems like it's been forever since we've had a rain. "I think you can see it when you look at people's lawns in town who don't water their grass,

"I would say it's going to be border line. Crop insurance is there to keep you afloat," he said. "The crops have to be pretty poor before you can get into a crop insurance claim position. "In the Moosomin and surrounding

area, we're definitely better than other places in the province. Saskatchewan definitely has other areas that are experiencing it far worse."





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**B11** 

## Enjoying summer fun before harvest begins

July is the month of the year for farmers like us (in our line of work and at our age) when we get a break from the work and get to enjoy the weather all at once, providing the weather is half decent that is.

**B12** 

When we pulled the RV out to the lake a month ago, I am not sure we anticipated such an extended period of and not sure we and push the boat out each morning and get in a few hours of fishing every day. But oh the fish cleaning that needed to be done! Not that I actually do that, just to be clear. It looked to me to be a bit of a chore, however the fried fish and the fish tacos were. I hope, worth hubby's efforts in his eyes because it was Oh! So! Tasty!!

The break from the farm hasn't excluded the concern we have for our crops, not that we can change a darn thing about the moisture levels of course. But every grain farmer who sees the crop stress appearing across their fields, if they are in a similar state of heat distress as we have been as the white wood area, can only sigh with disappoint-ment. As for 'maybe next year'—let's not even go there. I have heard some farmers express a desire though to see the big 'white combine' come in. And as someone so aptly said when I mentioned the 'H' word (hail) ...

said when I mentioned into H word (hai)... "we can't even get a cloud in the sky, nor a spit of rain; hoping for hail seems like a long stretch." From the little I have traveled through parts of Sas-katchewan this summer, some places are worse off than what we are, and in fact in Saskatchewan, many areas have had multiple stretches of 10 days or more with no have had multiple stretches of 10 days of more with no significant rainfall and as of a week or so ago, our prov-ince has about 20 rural municipalities which have de-clared states of emergency due to drought. It's definitely reminding me of the dry season we had just two years ago. Oh, except for harvest time that is when it finally becan be sein. Abbit use the usether shallwares we are began to rain. Ahhh yes, the weather challenges we ex-perience from year to year. After 46 years of this, nothing surprises me anymore.

surprises me anymore. Nevertheless, as we approach the end of our time at the lake, my mind is starting to plan harvest meals. Oh how I do not like to cook and oh how I never know what I ought to make. As if doing this for the past 46 years hasn't given me a few clues. I know getting back home means a harsh switch to reality—get those frozen meals made! The note-book I have on my table at the lake is laying open for one eason—get a schomping list made and meal ideas listed reason—get a shopping list made and meal ideas listed. Not surprisingly, my notebook is still blank.

Lake time has also meant visits with family and friends and lots of 'round the campfire' moments. And lots of laughs. One evening as we sat around the fire with the twins and our two youngest grands. I told them funny little stories about when their dad and their mom were lit-la back in the day liting on our form, the form the twins the back in the day, living on our farm, the farm the twins and their family now live on. They laughed and laughed but the next night around the fire I told them it was their turn to tell me some funny stories about their parents or their family.



The kids had hardly even started speaking when one of the twins' little blue yand exercise balls (think squishy) exploded all over his face and his hair and cap and down his sweatshirt and all over the lawn chair, and that was the end of storytelling that night. Exactly how can one small, fist-sized ball hold so much slimy gooey stuff? Gramps had an interesting time washing out the shirt in the little sink and Wyatt headed straight for the shower to see if the goop would wash out of his hair.

From mini golf games to fishing to kayaking and pad-dle boarding to scavenger hunts at dark to the Beachside Treats truck to chalk drawing contests sponsored by our campground (and which the grands won I must add), we were busy literally every minute of every day, and from six o'clock on I might add as the twins could **never** wait to get out on the boat and start their day with a fishing rod in their hands. "Okay, Gramps, it's time for you to get moving," I would say every morning, knowing the twins were up and already getting their gear in the boat on the beach across from our tiny summer home. And then, once I had pushed the boat out with my three guys on, my moment had come!

I sat on the beach reading my book and enjoying the sun as it began to make its way a little higher in the skies, right up until the younger ones woke up and poked their head out the camper door. What a beautiful world was created for us to enjoy. Wow! Truly there is beauty every-where and what sweet bliss it was to sit on a beach in the morning before anyone was up and about at our camp-ground and enjoy the solitude and the gentle lapping of As a kid, before I moved to Saskatchewan, I thought

beauty was only in trees and rock and lakes like my northwest Ontario home, but it's truly everywhere!

I took our two youngest grands to Government House in Regina the other day and there was a quote written (from the late 1800's I believe) by someone whose name eludes me as I write this, saying something like this: ex-cept for Sodom and Gomorrah, there is no worse place

than Regina—there's not a tree anywhere! Apparently we have a few more trees in Saskatchewan now (fortunately). In fact, the gardener at Government House back in the late 1800's/early 1900's is responsible for bringing trees to Saskatchewan (from Banff no less) and particularly the caragana tree—you know, the ones that surrounded every homestead across these prairies I am sure. The ones my twin grandsons refer to as the trees old people used Yup, I know what you mean. I now also know some his-tory behind them! My little history buff grandson (9) was totally intrigued with Government House and his sister (7) had eyes as big as saucers when we walked into the dining room. That is one massive table! But now, harvest (such as it may be this year) is just

around the corner and combines and swathers are being readied. 'My' combine, or at least the one I am most likely to run this year, is being brought up to snuff by none other

to run this year, is being brought up to shuff by none other than the mechanic who surely dreads when our phone numbers show up on his cell. Now that I walk quite well, thanks to two new hips, I am wondering if I should be looking at getting my semi license. That little talk I had with myself didn't go on for very long however as I think about how much I don't even like pulling the boat or the teeny tiny little flatdeck. None definitely assign on that thought don't don't my son Nope, definitely passing on that thought. And if my son happens to read this, I know he's thinking, "Oh, thank goodness, Mother! You are **not** going to be driving my emi trucks.

As lake time passes us by, so has July's annual 4-H local and regional shows and sales at the Whitewood Auction Barn. I have three 'farm' grandchildren who are very involved in 4-H and whose steers (to me) looked amazing. The temps were absolutely freezing on local 4-H day and the wind was much like a winter blizzard type wind but my heart was warm as I watched Reid, Sierra and Wyatt show their animals.

I know how much work goes into preparing them for show and to all the kids in the 4-H clubs in this area, I see the time and the skill it takes to get ready for the big day. I also see the values that these 4-Hers are learning and though I was never a 4-Her (because my parents knew I didn't have the heart to raise a steer and sell it, much less anything else it). I am so proud of all the 4-H kids here who have pledged not only their head to clearer thinking and their heart to greater loyalty, but their hands to larger service—for their club, their community, their country and their world. Hats off too to their leaders, for without

and their world. Hats off too to their leaders, for without you and your knowledge, these kids would never have the opportunity to learn what they are learning. And that's my tribute for this time around—to 4-Hers and leaders everywhere. **Way to go!!** Keep on being of service to others, keep on learning new things every day, and keep on enjoying every new experience you have— from in the barns to wherever your passions take you across this world! across this world!

## Hay and ditch mowing gets into full swing

Saskatchewan producers can gather hay along pro-vincial highways. After July 8, anyone may cut and bale hay without permission from the nearby landowner, if no mowing or hay recovery is underway by the adjacent landowner/lessee.

"Our annual hay and ditch mowing program not only benefits the people of our province but also exemplifies benefits the people of our province but also exemplifies our commitment to addressing the needs of area land-owners, producers and motorists," Highways Minister Jeremy Cockrill said. "By striking a perfect balance, we have successfully created a cost-effective program that caters to the diverse needs of everyone in Saskatchewan." Cutting along provincial highways improves sight lines, helps control brush and noxious weeds, and pro-vides a neat appearance. Cutting also optimizes snow storage in ditches reducing drifting on the road surface in the winter. in the winter

in the winter. The ministry will deliver the mowing program with the assistance of contractors. Approximately 43,500 hectares will be cut in 2023. The ministry also works with local RM's to deliver additional mowing across the province. If you're planning to travel, check the Highway Hot-line at saskatchewan.ca/highwayhotline, which provides up-to-date information on construction, emergency road closures, the status of ferries, barges and other road activi-tion. Information is a sub-

ties. Information is also available by calling 5-1-1. The Government of Saskatchewan has invested more than \$12 billion in highways infrastructure since 2008, im-proving more than 19,400 km of Saskatchewan highways.





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### Governments of Canada and Saskatchewan provide additional support for producers; low yield appraisal change encourages poor crops be used as feed

The federal and provincial govern-ments have announced Saskatchewan Crop Insurance Corporation (SCIC) is implementing extraordinary measures to offer support to Saskatchewan livestock producers facing challenges resulting from dry conditions this year, allowing additional acres of low yielding cereal and additional acres of low yielding cereal and pulse crops to be diverted to feed. This incentive allows crop producers to make timely decisions to make additional feed available to graze, bale or silage. "This change to the low yield threshold aims to help producers make critical de-cisions about how to move forward with their gray and feed requiring the requirement."

their crop and feed requirements," said the Honourable Marie-Claude Bibeau, federal Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food. "Many producers have been in this unfortunate situation before, due to the risks associated with climate change, which is why we are so committed to finding agricultural innovations that will inease resiliency going forward." "We are seeing dry pockets and grass-

hopper damage throughout the province, particularly in the southwest," Minister of Agriculture David Marit said. "We are committed to supporting our farmers and ranchers to lessen the impact of these challenging conditions, and I want to encourage crop producers to again work with neighbouring livestock producers to make feed available. This same initia-tive was implemented in 2021, resulting in over 345,000 acres of additional crop redi-rected to feed."

When crops are severely damaged and the appraised yield falls below an estab-lished threshold level, the yield is reduced Inshed threshold level, the yield is reduced to zero for the Crop Insurance claim. In response to the feed shortage this year, SCIC is doubling the low yield appraisal threshold values allowing customers to salvage their cereal or pulse crops as feed, without negatively impacting future in-dividual coverage. For example, the 2023 threshold level for oats is 10 bushels per acre. With a doubled low yield appraisal acre. With a doubled low yield appraisal, the threshold increases to 20 bushels per

acre for a producer intending to utilize the oats for feed. The claim is determined using a zero-bushel yield and the original 20 bushels appraised yield is used to update future Crop Insurance coverage. Before customers begin to graze, bale or silage their damaged crop, producers should contact their local SCIC office.

Through the 2023 Crown Grazing Lease Rental Reduction Program, lessees may be eligible for a rent reduction in situa-tions where individual lessees or pasture associations must reduce stocking rates associations must reduce stocking rates on leases by 20 per cent or more below the rated carrying capacity their leased graz-ing land. Eligible lessees will have the 2023 grazing rent reduced by 20 to 50 per cent cent.

To help manage the challenges associated with dry conditions, AgriStability participants may apply for the interim benefit option to access a portion of their 2023 benefit early. Producers enrolled in AgriStability for the 2023 year can access 50 per cent of their estimated final benefit.

Also, in most cases, the additional expens-es a producer incurs to procure additional feed is an eligible expense through the AgriStability Program. Producers are encouraged to contact the Farm Stress Line for support. The Farm Stress Line is a confidential service, avail-able 24-houre-a-day expendence-aurea

able 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-a-week, toll-free at 1-800-667-4442. Calls are an-swered by Mobile Crisis Services Regina, a non-profit, community-based agency and there is no call display.

Crop Insurance is a federal-provincialcrop insurance is a rederal-provincial-producer cost-shared program that helps producers manage production and qual-ity losses. Support for the program is pro-vided by the governments of Canada and Saskatchewan under the Sustainable Canadian Agricultural Partnership (Sustainable CAP)

Producers concerned about dry conditions should contact their local SCIC office. For more information, call 1-888-935-0000 or visit scić.ca

## Saskatchewan requests Agri-Recovery Assessment due to drought

Saskatchewan Agriculture Minister David Marit has requested the federal government conduct an AgriRecovery assessment to determine what assis tance could be provided to livestock producers faced with prolonged dry conditions.

"Many producers across Saskatch-ewan are facing extraordinary costs to ensure their animals are taken care of, We need to move quickly to consider all relief options, including an AgriRecovery assessment to help producers deal with the challenges brought about by drought," Marit said. In a letter sent to Ottawa July 17, Sas-

katchewan also requested an early des-ignation of the federal Livestock Tax Ignation of the rederal LiveStock lax Deferral Program, to provide produc-ers facing potential feed shortages with more options as they consider if they need to liquidate part of their breeding

heed to inquicate part of their breeding herd due to drought. As of June 30, western and southeast-ern regions of Saskatchewan received well below-normal precipitation while temperatures have also been significant-ly warmer than normal. In the hardest hit regions of Saskatchewan, heatwayes. limited rain, minimal spring runoff and successive years of dry conditions are all contributing to significant challenges. Concerns include water quantity, access to feed and large grasshopper infestations.

AgriRecovery is a federal-provincial disaster relief framework focused on extraordinary costs producers face to

extraordinary costs producers face to recover from disasters. Last week, the federal and provincial governments also announced that Sas-katchewan Crop Insurance Corpora-tion (SCIC) is implementing measures to offer support to Saskatchewan live-track mediates by ellowing additional stock producers by allowing additional acres of low yielding cereal, pulse crops, canola and flax to be diverted to feed. Saskatchew

2023 rate charged to producers who lease Crown grazing land. Additionally, through the 2023 Crown Grazing Lease Rental Reduction Program, lessees may be eligible for a rent reduction in situa-tions where they reduce stocking rates

tions where they reduce stocking rates on leases by 20 per cent or more below the rated carrying capacity. The Ministry of Agriculture has a team of extension specialists located in 10 regional offices across Saskatch-ewan to support producers with agro-nomic advice and program information. Producers can contact the Agriculture Knowledge Centre at 128664572377 to



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